XXIVth YEAR.] THE [No. 1221.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1769.

CADIZ, *September* 27.

NEW Ordinance was publiſhed the 15th Inſtant, againſt the Exportation of the Coin, containing the uſual Regulations, but promiſing One-Third, inſtead of a Quarter-Part of the Sum exported, to whoever ſhall diſcover the Perſons concerned in carrying on that contraband Trade.

CONSTANTINOPLE, *Oct.* 1. The 18th of laſt Month, the Government ordered to be announced to the People by the Cannon's Mouth, the News of the Victory gained over the Montenegrins, by the Troops of the Porte; the Pacha their Commander, having ſent hither as Trophies Fifty of the Heads of the vanquiſhed, and a Sack full of Ears, with a Relation of the Battle; by which it is certain, that the Rebels have been cut to Pieces or diſperſed. Among the Heads are thoſe of the Superior of a Convent, and of the Preſident of the Place, which, together with all the other Heads, and the Ears, have been expoſed to the Public View, oppoſite the Seraglio.

PARIS, *Oct.* 10. Private Letters from Corſica, of the 22d of September, adviſe, that our Army continued much in the ſame Situation; and that Abundance of the Officers and Soldiers were ſick, owing to the rainy Weather, and the Fatigues they have undergone.

PETERSBURGH, *Oct.* 11. The Empreſs, who hath done every Thing which her Honour and the Law of Nations permit to prevent a Rupture with the Grand Signior, will wait the Event with Tranquility. Her Majeſty is in a proper Condition to repel Force by Force, and ſhe hath Reaſon to rely on the Fidelity as well as on the Bravery of her Troops. It is ſomewhat ſingular that the Porte ſhould make its Armaments ſo late in the Seaſon; and it is apparent, that if War were to be declared immediately, the Operations could not commence 'til next Spring.

DANTZICK, *Oct.* 20. The Ruſſian General Count Podhoriczani has quitted the Ukraine, at the Head of his Regiment of Huſſars, and ſome other Troops in order to act againſt the Confederates in Lithuania. This General is a Native of the Province of Montenero; and is a Deſcendant from the famous King of Epirus, who, in the Fourteenth Century, rendered himſelf ſo redoubtable againſt the Turks, as to acquire the Name of Scanderbeg, that is to ſay, Alexander the Great.

COPENHAGEN, *Oct.* 29. The Court hath received Advice, by an Expreſs, that the King propoſes to return to his Dominions the Beginning of January next; which ſhews that his Majeſty will not make the Tour of Italy.

PARIS, *Oct.* 31. A Number of opulent Wine-Merchants, in order to raiſe the Price of Wine to what Prices they thought proper, have bought up all the Wine of this Year's growth, in almoſt all the Provinces of this Kingdom ſo that the other Wine-Merchants and Burghers could not purchaſe from any Perſons but the above Engroſſers. This being made known to the Chamber of Vacations, they have iſſued an Arret, by which all the Bargains made with the firſt mentioned Wine-Merchants before or ſince the laſt Vintage, are declared void, and the Owners of the Wine have Liberty to reſell to the Burghers for the Uſe of their ſeveral Families.

LONDON,

Nov. 7. We are well informed, that the patriotic Sir Jeffery Amherſt was Yeſterday at Court, to pay his Compliments, having accepted of the Regiment commanded by the late Colonel Robert Brudenell; and we are moreover informed, that Sir Jeffery is ſpeedily to be honoured with a conſiderable Penſion.

Friday, a Sharper went to the Black-Dog, at Highgate, with a Meſſage, in Writing, ſigned with the Name of an eminent Vintner in Holborn, directing a Breakfaſt to be got ready, at Eleven o'Clock on Saturday Morning, for Serjeant Glynn, and the Freeholders of Middleſex, by which Means the Fellow got Two Shillings and a Dram, but, upon Enquiry, it appeared that the whole was a Trick, meanly made uſe of to procure a few Shillings.

Nov. 8. A Letter from the Chamber of Vacations of the Parliament of Normandy, to the French King, in Behalf of the diſtreſſed Inhabitants of that Province, on account of the preſent very great Scarcity of Proviſions, has this paſſage: "The Courtier, who wallows in Luxury, cannot figure to himſelf the Horrors of Indigence. Let him viſit the Country; let him ſurvey in our Towns the various Spectacles of human Miſery; his Delicacy will ſhudder at the Objects that will appear on all Sides; here a Troop of Handicrafts-men out of Employment, or incapable of providing, by their Labour, for the urgent Neceſſities of their Families, who are periſhing with Hunger, becauſe they cannot reach the exceſſive Price of Proviſions; on another Side, whole Villages deſolated by the epidemical Diſeaſes occaſioned by the bad Quality of Grain, which the poor Inhabitants have been obliged to ſubſiſt on, for want of Means to procure better."

Letters from Ireland aſſure, that his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant will ſet out from thence, on his Return home, about the latter End of this Month.

We are informed, that the Lord Mount-Stuart, will be appointed Maſter of Horſe to the Queen, in the room of the Earl Delawar, appointed Lord Chamberlain of the Houſehold to her Majeſty.

We hear that his Excellency Count Viri, the Sardinian Embaſſador, has deſired to be re-called hence, and will ſhortly ſet out for Turin.

Wedneſday laſt the Seal of the Univerſity of Oxford was affixed to the Petition to be preſented to the Houſe of Commons, for obtaining an Act for making a navigable Canal from that City to join that at Coventry.

The Parliament of Paris have ordered the proper Officers to make an Enquiry into the State of the Corn Warehouſes, and give their Opinion of the Cauſe of the Dearneſs.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, October 24.

"As it appears daily that the Dearneſs of Corn proceeds from the Monopoly of rich Men, under the Pretence of the Exportation allowed by the King's Edict; the Chamber of Vacations of the Parliament reſolved the 15th of this Month, that proper Enquiry ſhould be made, in order to diſcover thoſe who are guilty of this odious Practice; and the King's Counſel were charged to give their Concluſions on the Head."

Nov. 10. It is now reported, that the Right Hon. the Earl of Hertford will ſucceed his Excellency Lord Townſend, as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and from his Lordſhip's truly amiable and benevolent Character, there is no Doubt of his Appointment's being in the higheſt Degree pleaſing to the whole Iriſh Nation, eſpecially to the Poor, to whom he has been always a Friend and Benefactor, not only when he was their Chief Governor, but ever ſince.

By an Arret of the Council of State of France, all Sorts of Corn, Grain, or Meal, except ſuch as is kept for ſowing, ſhall be tranſported only on board French Ships, whether ſuch Corn is intended for foreign Countries, or for home Conſumption.

It is remarkable, that even the meaneſt Native of Corſica has ſuch a Senſe of his own Dignity, that there has never been yet found one among them, who would, even to ſave his own Life, accept the Office of Public Executioner, ſo that a Foreigner is always employed in this horrid Buſineſs: The preſent Hangman is by Birth a Sicilian; but no Corſican will exchange a Word with him.

Nov. 11. Yeſterday Morning his Excellency Baron de Dieden, the Daniſh Ambaſſador, had a Conference with the Earl of Rochford.

By the Captain of a Veſſel arrived in Town, from Breſt, we are informed, that on the 24th of laſt Month, there ſailed from that Port, Three Tranſports, with Ammunition and Warlike Stores, under Convoy of a Thirty-ſix Gun Frigate, which had Three Companies of Foot on board, bound for the Iſland of Goree, on the Coaſt of Africa.

A Shopkeeper in Suſſex, who is ſaid to be worth upwards of 10,000 l. has lately abſconded, on an Information being given againſt him, on Oath, for buying Goods of the piratical Smugglers, now in the Marſhalſea, for about 318 l. which were worth upwards of 3000 l.

Nov. 12. By a Gentleman arrived in Town from the Weſt of England, we are informed that ſeveral monopolizing Farmers, had lately gone round the Counties, among the ſmall Farmers, and had bought up all their Stock of Corn, with an intent of advancing the Price thereof.

Nov. 14. Yeſterday there was a numerous and ſplendid Court at St. James's, at which a great Number of Nobility, and moſt of the Foreign Miniſters were preſent; the Reverend Mr. Marriot preached before his Majeſty at the Chapel Royal, Lord Vernon carried the Sword of State.

The Act for prohibiting the Exportation of Corn, Meal, Flour, Malt, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch, being near expiring, we are informed will be continued for a further limited Time.

Friday Sir George Macartney, Son in Law to the Right Hon. the Earl of Bute, was appointed Secretary of State to his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, in the room of the Right Hon. the Lord Frederic Campbell, appointed Lord Regiſter of Scotland.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, Nov. 7.

"The King, having in Council taken into Conſideration the moſt proper Methods to remedy the Dearneſs of Corn, the Price of which has riſen in ſome Provinces of this Kingdom ſo much above the proportional Increaſe of Wages, that the People cannot ſubſiſt by their Labour, has paſſed an Arret of Council, dated the 31ſt of October laſt, which confirms and renews the Regulations eſtabliſhed by his Declaration in May, 1763, for procuring a free Circulation of Corn throughout the Kingdom, and obliging thoſe Provinces where the Harveſt had been plentiful to ſupply thoſe where it had proved deficient; and likewiſe for obtaining a more immediate Supply by encouraging the Importation of Corn from Foreign Countries; for which Purpoſe his Majeſty has directed certain Premiums to be paid to Merchants who ſhall import Corn into this Kingdom from the 1ſt of November to the 1ſt of Feb. 1769, and other Premiums from that Time to the 1ſt of June following. The Proprietors of the Corn ſo imported, having received the Premiums allotted them, may not remove the ſaid Corn, even to another Port of France, without reſtoring the Premium. All French or Foreign Ships, laden with Corn, that arrive in any Port of this Kingdom, are to be exempted from the Duty of Freight 'til the Firſt of July next, let them come from what Part of the World they may."

Nov. 15. Sunday his Excellency the French Embaſſador attended the Levee at St. James's, and was in Conference there from One, 'til paſt Four o'Clock, from whence it is conjectured, that Matters of great Importance were on the Carpet.

Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, Nov. 13.

"The Dorſetſhire Man of War of 74 Guns is ſailed to Spithead, and is taking on board a Regiment of Soldiers, commanded by Lord George Lenox; ſhe is bound to Minorca, and is expected to ſail in a few Days. Remains at Spithead the Gibraltar, and Tweed Frigate, with the Egrement Eaſt-Indiaman, homeward bound. The Phœnix Man of War is fitting out with all Speed to renew her former Voyage to the Coaſt of Guinea."

Nov. 17. Yeſterday his Excellency the French Embaſſador Count Chatelet gave a moſt ſuperb and ſumptuous Entertainment to the Nobility, Foreign Miniſters, and many other Perſons of Diſtinction of both Sexes, at his Excellency's Houſe, in Great-George-Street, Weſtminſter.

It is ſaid that a Bill is ordered in for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors.

A Report prevails, that the Empreſs Queen has intereſted herſelf in Favour of the Corſicans, at the French Court, and that, in Conſequence of it, the French Troops would ſoon be recalled home.

Tueſday Morning Sixteen Strings of fine Hunters, ſaid to be worth Eighty Guineas each, went through the Borough in their Way to Dover, where they are to be ſhipped for France; they were attended by Six Grooms in rich hunting Liveries.

It is ſaid, that ſome new Cauſes of Diſſatisfaction have broke out between the Courts of Portugal and France, that are likely to be productive of very diſagreeable Conſequences.

We are told, that on Thurſday next, ſeveral great Perſonages will embark for the Mediterranean.

It is ſaid, that there are now ſeveral Men of War lying off Portſmouth, that have received Orders to hold themſelves in Readineſs for a foreign and important Expedition, the particulars of which will ſoon be made public.

Extract of a Letter from Rome, dated October 10, 1768, *lately received from a Miſſionary in the Eaſt-Indies.*

"The Province of Junnan, in China, is one of the richeſt, on account of the great Abundance of Mines of Gold, Silver, and other Metals, beſides the fineſt Rubies in the World. A Chineſe Chriſtian informed me, that in the neighbourhood of one Town, they have diſcovered Thirty-ſix Mines of Gold and Silver. In October laſt (1767) the King of Bracma and Pegu, ſeized on this Province without the leaſt Oppoſition. The Chineſe ſay it is vain to reſiſt him, on account of the great Quantity of Cannon which he has with him, which are ſerved by 400 Europeans of different Nations. Though the Chineſe and Tartars have Cannon, and know how to caſt them, they have not the Addreſs to uſe them in their Wars.

"In this diſtreſſed Situation, the Emperor of China has taken the Reſolution to ſend immenſe Treaſures into Tartary, whither, at the worſt, it is ſuppoſed he will retire. The Chineſe themſelves, wiſh him to be chaſed from the Throne, becauſe he has introduced into his Palace, foreign Concubines, which is contrary to the Cuſtom of that Country; and the Emperor has a Son by one of theſe Women, whom he intends to ſucceed him. Overcome by his Regard for this Concubine, he is ſaid to have cauſed the Empreſs to be put to Death, becauſe ſhe had no Children. He has even carried his Regard for them ſo far, as to cauſe a Moſque to be built in his Palace for theſe Perſian Women, which is ſerved by Mahometan Prieſts."

Nov. 18. Yeſterday there was a very full Houſe of Commons, and it was expected that they would ſit late, as Affairs of Importance were to be taken into Conſideration.

It is reported that an Admiral with Five Sail of the Line, and Three Frigates, will ſoon ſail on an Expedition, but whither, is not yet publicly known.

It is ſaid, that the Spaniards are making ſome Preparations which ſufficiently indicate their Intentions, the firſt favourable Opportunity that offers.

Many intereſting Debates have already paſſed in a certain auguſt Aſſembly relative to the patriotic Queſtion, the Purport and Reſult of which will ſoon be promulgated.

We are informed by a Gentleman who left Paris the Beginning of laſt Week, that the reigning Toaſt amongſt the Inhabitants of that City, is the *Britiſh Hobby Horſe*, a Sarcaſm that it is our Misfortune to merit but too juſtly.

Many Artiſts, with their Families and Effects, are preparing to embark for the American Continent; from what Motives are beſt known to themſelves, and their Adviſers.

We are told from Conſtantinople, that the Audience lately given there to the Ruſſian Embaſſador, was contrary to the uſual Cuſtom, with open Doors, and in the Preſence of more than Six Hundred Perſons. The Intention of the Porte in thus making their Proceedings public, was to convince the People, of the Juſtice of their Cauſe; and if the Embaſſador would have undertaken, that the Ruſſian Troops ſhould be withdrawn out of Poland, he need not, for a few Days at leaſt, have been ſent to the Seven Towers. After all, it may be queſtioned what Right the Porte had to make ſuch Demand, while Ruſſia, on her Part, faithfully obſerved all the Treaties with the Ottoman

Crown; and the beginning a War, by thus confining the Representative of a Sovereign, has a Remain of Barbarism in it, shocking, at this Time of Day, to every civilized State.

Nov. 19. Yesterday there was a great Board of Treasury on Affairs of Importance, at which most of the Lords attended, and Orders were given, that for the future, the Treasury Board Days should be held regularly on Tuesdays and Fridays 'til further Orders.

The Departure of the Right Hon. the Earl of Harcourt, for Paris, which was to have been in a few Days, is postponed to the Beginning of next Month.

Monday some Dispatches of Importance were received at the Secretary of State's Office from his Excellency William Henry Lyttelton, Esq; his Britannick Majesty's Ambassador at the Court of Portugal.

Sir Charles Whitworth, Knt. Member for Minehead, in the County of Somerset, is appointed Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, in the room of John Paterson, Esq; who is not in Parliament.

We are informed, that the great Douglas Cause, so long depending, will be heard before an august Assembly, on the 16th Day of January next.

Letters from Paris, dated Nov. 4. say, The last Letters from Corsica advise, that the Eight Battalions, long detained at Toulon by contrary Winds, arrived in the Island the 14th ult. These Letters add, that General Paoli caused the French Prisoners to be treated with great Humanity, and sent back the principal Officers on their Parole of Honour.

They write from Paris, that the King of Denmark suffers nothing curious in that Capital to escape his Inspection. When he was at the Gobelins, the Duke de Duras told him, that he was charged by the King his Master to desire him to chuse the most beautiful coloured Tapestry he liked; and his Majesty chose that which represented the History of Esther.

They write from Lisbon, that the Almanza Man of War, with Three Portuguese Frigates of Thirty Guns, lately sailed from the Tagus on a Cruize against the Saletine Corsairs, who have for some Time past infested the Seas about Cape de Verdt Islands and Madeira.

Advices received by the Egmont East Indiaman, it is said, confirm the Account of a Peace being concluded with the Nizam, in consideration of a Sum of Money to be paid him; but the War with Hyder Ally continues with great Obstinacy, and at an enormous Expence to the English. Hyder Ally keeps his Army in a mountainous Country, where our Troops cannot act, and he frequently harrasses us with his Cavalry. The great Distance at which this War is carried on from our Settlements, renders it not only very expensive, but also difficult to supply our Army with Provisions; and Col. Smith, Commander of the Company's Troops, had been obliged on that Account to retire nearer home a little while before the Egmont left Madras.

Other Letters by the same Ship say, "That the Nizam, by an Article in the late Peace with him, cedes to the Company the Dewanny of the Balagat Carnatic, which are the Territories of Hyder Ally and some petty Princes."

This Hyder Ally was, in Duplex's Time, a Captain of the French Seapoys, and after their Misfortunes at Trichanopoly under Mr. Law, he deserted to the King of Mysoore's Service, where, by various Intrigues, he soon became very considerable, and not many Years ago dethroned his Master, and usurped the Government.

Extract of a Letter from Leghorn, Oct. 22.

"The last Advices from Corsica inform us, that the French Garrison which was at Bastia have quitted that Place, and are posted in such a Manner as to preserve the Communication with St. Florent. Paoli hath sent the Sieur Coulot, Colonel of the Regiment of Rovergue, who was made Prisoner by the Corsicans at Mariana, to the Marquis de Chauvelin, to treat for the Exchange of Prisoners.

"We are assured that the Republic of Genoa, who are to defray the Expence of the War against the Corsicans, hath already sent 3,000,000 of Crowns to a certain Place appointed by France.

"The Chief Paoli hath given Proofs of his Disinterestedness with regard to the Booty in Silver taken from the French at Borgo, by ordering it to be melted down and coined into Money, and distributed to the Officers and Soldiers who partook in the Victory."

NEWCASTLE, *Nov.* 5. At our Fair, on Saturday last, there was the greatest Show of all Sorts of Horses and Black Cattle ever seen here; the former went off at pretty high Prices, but the latter were considerably lower than usual. Several were unsold, and the Dealers say, that they could not have so much for Scots Kyloes, by Ten Shillings a-Head, as they paid for them at Crief, and other Fairs in Scotland.——Leather was higher than ever was known, being sold at higher Prices than at the London Market.

Extract of a Letter from Aberdeen, September 21, 1768.

"The fine Appearance we had this Season of a rich Crop, raised in every Breast an Expectation of the most plentiful Harvest that ever smiled on this Land, but our large Increase, like Job's Fulness, was swept away all of a sudden, and in one Night our Fields bore as much the Aspect of Winter, as if they had undergone the Severity of that Season.—This was occasioned by a Fall of Rain on Tuesday the 16th, the greatest ever known here, which swelled our Rivers to such a Height, that they overflowed all the low Grounds, carried Houses, Barns, Cattle, and every Thing before them.—Many Farmers, who were in opulent Circumstances, are now reduced to Poverty, having lost their All, and indeed the Public in general have suffered.—The Bridge at Bamff, which consisted of Five Arches, and built about Four Years ago, is carried away; also the Bridge over Doveran and Strathbogie has shared the same Fate. Earl Fife's fine Gardens, and all the Policies about his elegant House at Bamff, are quite demolished; and the Water rose Five Feet in the lowest Street of the Town. We have yet got no Account what Spay has done, only that it carried away the Bridge at Castle-Grant. The River Don has done vast Damage—it has swept several Mills before it, and much shattered the Bridge at Old Aberdeen.—The fine Garden at Monymusk, which, on Account of its Elegance and Beauty, was called Paradise, is totally destroyed. Middleton, of Seaton, has got his fine Library destroyed, and his House shattered by the Water, which rose Six Feet in the lower Flat.—It would be tedious to relate the particular Losses sustained by the Inhabitants along the River Dee: Let it suffice to mention, that the Water, in Eight Hours, rose Twenty Feet perpendicular upon the Bridge; and that from Five o'Clock in the Morning to Mid-Day, the River, from the Bridge to where it empties itself into the Sea, was wholly covered with Barns, Houses, Mills, Cattle, and in short every Thing that opposed its irresistible Current. I was never a Spectator of a more moving Scene. Two Vessels belonging to this Port were drove on the Rocks, a little to the Southward of this Place, and were entirely lost, and both Crews perished. We daily expect more dismal Accounts of this terrible Inundation."

ANNAPOLIS, FEBRUARY 2.

Extract of a LETTER, *dated* Nov. 18, 1768, *from a Gentleman in* LONDON, *to his Friend in this Place.*

"YOU will probably, before the Receipt of this, see the King's Speech, and from it may form a certain Judgment of the Fate of AMERICA——I attended the House the first Day, and heard the Debate on a Message in Answer to it. It was moved by Lord HENLEY, who was supported by Mr. STANLEY, Lords NORTH, BARRINGTON, BEAUCHAMP, and CLARE; Sir GEO. SAVILLE, GEO. ONSLOW, and GEO. GRENVILLE, that the Thanks of the House be returned to his Majesty, for the Care he had taken to preserve Peace and good Order in AMERICA, and to oblige the Inhabitants there, to submit to the Regulations lately made by the Parliament. They spoke nearly to the same Purpose, urging the Right of Taxation by the Parliament, as the supreme Legislature of the BRITISH Dominions. The Colonies, they compared to Corporations, having Power to make Laws for particular Purposes, which could not exempt them from that Right. They recited, fully, every Step that had been taken by any of the Colonies, to shew the general Disposition to Independency, and declared the Proceedings at BOSTON, to be an absolute Denial of all Subordination to the Legislature, or executive Powers of Government here. Lord NORTH declared, that on the Repeal of the Stamp-Act, he apprehended the AMERICANS would exult in their Success, and attribute it to a Consciousness in the Parliament, of their Want of Right; and that, at every future Period, they would shew the same Disposition to oppose the Measures of Government, that they did on that Occasion—That it was high Time that Spirit should be curbed—That the Act, which was the Subject of their present Dispute, was made *merely to try their Dispositions*, and that the Event had fully justified his Suspicions—That, for his Part, he was determined never to consent to another Repeal—or listen to any Proposals of compromising Matters, 'til he had brought AMERICA to his Feet; and that he did not doubt, but that, if O—s, and some others of the Principal Persons, who had been active in inflaming the Minds of the People, were executed—that it would effectually prevent the like Attempts for the future—by intimidating others from their Example; that he should be always for tempering Justice with Mercy, but that there were Cases, (of which this was one) when Mercy would be criminal.——GRENVILLE was tedious.——He warmly insisted on the Right of Taxation——denied the Distinction between internal and external Taxes—declared Legislation and Taxation inseparable, and consequently all Regulations of Trade, were Taxes for the Purpose of raising a Revenue: That, if the Right was given up in one,—it must be in every Instance—or constant Disputes would arise, what were Regulations, and what were Taxes——and, upon these Disputes, he would be glad to know who were to be the Judges.——He threw out many reflecting Things against Lords CHATHAM and CAMDEN, as to the Opinion they had given on the Stamp-Act——cited the Farmer's Letters, and called them an impudent, seditious, infamous Libel.—As to dissolving the BOSTON Assembly, because they would not rescind their Resolutions——he said, it was illegal, and a daring Infringement of their Constitution.—DOWDESWELL, BURK, BARRE, BECKFORD, TOWNSEND, and some others, spoke in Opposition——They were much superior in Point of Eloquence, and denied the Right. They went on the Doctrine of Representation, and made a Distinction, that Acts of Opposition, which would be deemed Rebellion in ENGLAND, would be justifiable in AMERICA——because no Consent had even been given to the Measures which occasioned it: That, as they looked on the Speech from the Throne, to be only the Declaration of the Minister, they would not thank the Minister for Measures they had reason to disapprove——But, instead of thanking the King for the Care, *&c. &c.*—they proposed an Amendment, to assure his Majesty, that they would immediately enquire into the Measures that had been taken, and that nothing, on their Part, should be wanting, to enable him to support the Dignity of his Crown, and the Constitution—and secure effectually the Authority of Parliament. This proposed Amendment was the occasion of the Debate, and those who proposed it, declared——that before they would consent to condemn the Proceedings of the People in AMERICA, they would first enquire into the Cause of their Grievances; that they had Reason to believe much Provocation had been given, and very unjustifiable, as well as impolitic Steps, had been taken against them.——The Debate was warm, and neither Party sparing in Invectives against each other. Many Things were said against the Ministers as to their want of Judgment, Resolution, and Sincerity of Conduct.——The permitting the FRENCH to continue their Operations against CORSICA,—and the Importance of that Island, in preserving the Balance of Power, was fully argued.——The Tumults, and continual Mobs in different Parts of the Kingdom, to the Hindrance of the ordinary Course of Justice, was imputed to their Timidity; and upon the Whole, they were threatened that the Conduct, in every Particular, should be strictly scrutinized——I was not well, and left the House before the Debate was concluded——but stay'd long enough to observe the Ministry much too strong.

"*P. S.* WILKES has petitioned the House for his Seat; but, 'tis generally thought, he will not succeed."

On Tuesday last, a Servant Man of Mr. WILLIAM LOGAN's, in this City, was unfortunately crushed to Death, by the falling of a large Bank of Earth upon him, as he was digging under it for Clay, to supply his Master's Brick-Yard.

Last Night, a young Man, who calls himself *William Hamilton*, came to Capt. *Reith*'s, in this City, with a Boy and Two Horses, which he immediately discharged, and seemed very desirous of crossing the Bay; but as he could not be accommodated immediately with a Boat, he was obliged to continue in Town——About One o'Clock this Morning, Two Gentlemen, one of whom had his Watch taken out of his House the Day before, by the above Youth, came to Capt. *Reith*'s in pursuit of him: The Watch being found under his Head, he was immediately carried before a Magistrate, and committed to Jail. He has a Bank-Note with him for 10*l.* is dressed in a Suit of light Cloth, trimm'd with Black, and says he came from *Fredericksburg*, in *Virginia*.——It seems, on Enquiry, he arrived there about Three Weeks ago, in the Character of a Convict, and was purchased by a Gentleman, who, having some Knowledge of his Father, set him at Liberty.

ANNAPOLIS, *February* 1, 1769.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A VERY good LOT, and a HOUSE thereon, with several Out-Houses, a Yard with a Well therein, and a good Garden, situated near the Dock, and very convenient for either a Merchant, or Tavern-Keeper.——For further Particulars, enquire on the Premises. JOHN CARTY.

*** Likewise to be sold, a small SCHOONER, now on the Stocks, Burthen about 30 Tons. (4w)

To be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, by Mr. SAMUEL CHEW, *of* HERRING-BAY, MARYLAND,

A VERY valuable TRACT of LAND, called DUNKELL, lying in *Baltimore* County: This Tract of Land consists of FIVE HUNDRED and NINETY-NINE ACRES, and lies within a few Miles of the navigable Rivers of BUSH, and GUNPOWDER, and not far distant from *Baltimore-Town*. The Land is well timbered; the Soil extremely fertile, and equal to any in the Country. There are several Bottoms upon this Land, capable of valuable Meadows; and several Streams of Water. There is about 250 Acres cleared, the greatest Part of which has not been above Two Seasons in Cultivation, and quite fresh. The Improvements are not very considerable, being old; but some of them, at a small Expence, may be made both good and serviceable. There is no Tract of Land in these Parts, so well adapted for a Farm.

The Title to the above Land, is indisputable; and a General Warranty will be given to the Purchaser. The Sale is to be on the Premises, on the last Day of *May* next. Credit will be given for Six Months, without Interest. Any Person inclinable to purchase, are referred to Mr. JOHN PACA, of *Baltimore* County, or to Mr. WILLIAM PACA, of the City of *Annapolis*, for any Information they may want.

Frederick County, *Maryland, Jan.* 19, 1769.

THE Subscribers having Authority to agree with Two CURATES, for the Administration of Divine Service, in separate Districts of *All-Saints* Parish, in *Frederick* County, hereby give Notice, That they will treat with any well recommended Clergymen of the Church of *England*, for that Purpose. To prevent Disappointment, Applications are desired to be made, by Letter, directed to the Subscribers, in *Frederick-Town*, in said County.

T. BOWLES,
(4w) GEO. MURDOCK.

January 25, 1769.

ALL Persons having any Claims against the Estate of JOHN TOLSON, late of *Prince-George's* County, deceased, are desired to bring them in, that they may be adjusted and paid. And all those who are indebted to the said Estate, are requested to be speedy in their Payments, which will prevent Trouble and Expence to themselves, as well as to,

(4w) JOHN LOWE, Jun. } Executors.
JOHN BAYNES, }

WANTING A FREIGHT,

A SHIP, of 180 Tons Burthen, now lying in *Potowmack* River, well found and mann'd, ready to take in her Load immediately, for any Port in *Great-Britain, Ireland*, or elsewhere, as a Charter may be agreed on.—Enquire of the Printers. (4w)

Virginia, November 30, 1768.

FALLS of PATOWMACK.

For Encouragement to Trade, &c. I purpose to let out, on the moſt reaſonable Terms, for a Number of Years, or otherwiſe, this Place, with all the valuable Improvements hereafter mentioned.

AT the Landing, and along-ſide of Six Fathom Water, a complete Stone Building, 151 Feet long, 36 wide, and 3½ Stories high.

In this Edifice are contained, *1ſt*, A valuable Merchant Mill, with Two Pair of Stones, Bolting Mills and Fan new, well fixed, and conſtantly ſupplied with a never failing Stream, ſufficient to keep the whole of them going. I can affirm, that this Mill, with the Aſſiſtance of Four Men and Two Boys, can manufacture 50,000 Buſhels of Wheat annually, into good merchantable Flour.

2d, A large Bakery, with Three Ovens, Brakes and other Neceſſaries compleatly fitted, and a fine Bread-Room above the ſaid Bakery and Ovens.

3d, Two large Granaries, 36 Feet by 30, on each Side the Mill, ſo that Grain cannot be ſtored more conveniently. Adjoining to theſe is,

4th, A neat retailing Store, with its Shelves, Counter, Drawers, *&c.* compleatly finiſhed.——Adjacent to the ſaid Store, is a convenient Accounting Room, with a Fire-Place, at the Back of which, is a private lodging Room, with a Fire-Place likewiſe. From this Room we enter into a Balcony 24 Feet long, with proper Seats fronting the River, which commands variety of curious and entertaining Proſpects.

5th, The ſeveral large Rooms below, for the ſtoring of Salt and *Weſt-India* Goods, with their Cellars, *&c.* ſo near the River, that, by the Aſſiſtance of a Crane, a Veſſel of any Burthen may diſcharge her Load ſafe in the Stores in as little Time as can be done in any Port in America; and likewiſe makes equal Diſpatch in Loading, the Granaries being ſo near the Veſſel, and the Fall from the Houſe ſo great, that, by a Spout from the Windows, the Grain may be conveyed in the moſt ſpeedy and eaſy Manner.——The Loft of this Building has no Partition, and therefore, being 151 Feet long, and 36 wide, gives great Plenty of Room to ſpread Flour to cool, in the Summer, ſo that nothing is wanting but a Capital to make the Place complete.

Contiguous to the Mills, *&c.* is a very good Dwelling-Houſe, built with Stone, Two Stories high, 96 Feet long, and 28 wide, with convenient Rooms, Kitchen, Cellars, and Ten Fire-Places thereto belonging, to be let with the ſaid Mills.

I have laid out 53 Lots for a Town here, each Lot containing Half an Acre, including the Tobacco Warehouſes; moſt Part are for Sale on moderate Terms.

I have within thoſe Lots built a Griſt Mill, for Country Cuſtom, and a Saw Mill, and will ſupply Scantling and Plank for building, very cheap.

The River *Patowmack* is ſo well known, that I need not be particular in deſcribing it; as from its Mouth to the very Falls, it is allowed to be the beſt Navigation of any River on the Continent.

The Falls are ſituated 12 Miles above *Alexandria*, and 3 Miles above *George-Town*.——Any Veſſel that comes to *Alexandria*, or up to *George-Town*, will find deeper Water above to the ſaid Falls, the Channel being ſtraight, and eaſily found. The Falls excel any Part of the Colony, for beautiful building Stone, in the greateſt Quantity, and the eaſieſt raiſed. The Soil is exceſſively rich, and abounds with the fineſt of Springs convenient to every Part. And,

Above all the Advantages before-mentioned, the Place is noted for one of the fineſt Fiſheries in *Virginia*; the whole Seaſon through, the beſt of Fiſh is caught here in great Abundance.

The Falls Landing is Ten meaſured Miles nearer to *Leeſburg*, *Winchester*, and ſo to the Back Country, than any other whatſoever. Beſides, this Landing being ſo much nearer to the Back Inhabitants, and a fine Road, it receives all the Produce brought down from above the Great Falls, in Battoes, which Buſineſs is now become very conſiderable, and muſt improve; as *Indian* Corn, Walnut-Plank, and Lumber of all Sorts, will bear the Land Carriage, from the Falls above, to this Place; much more, and better, will Wheat, Pig, and Bar-Iron, and Tobacco. All thoſe Commodities are made in great Plenty on each Side the River, above the Falls; the Lands being very fine, the Produce muſt be brought to this Spot for Shipping.

For further Encouragement, any Gentleman that might be willing to ſettle here, and carry on a Trade ſuitable to the Place, may have the Mills, with all Improvements; and I will oblige myſelf to furniſh him, this preſent Year, with 5000 Buſhels of good merchantable Wheat, 8000 Buſhels next Year, and 10,000 Buſhels annually after, of my own Produce, for the Terms agreed on. Or, if he, or they, chuſe rather to put in a Stock, any Way adequate to the Improvements made by me, I will be at an equal Expence towards the Working, Supporting, and Maintaining the ſaid Buſineſs, receiving my Proportion of the Profits; but it is not to be ſuppoſed that I could advance any Thing farther, than finding the Mills and all Improvements, without any Rent. The Management and Direction I will give up, and he, or they, may draw his, or their, whole Stock out, when they pleaſe; otherwiſe I will rent the whole, very reaſonable, as before-mentioned.

" Here Water falls, and might do more, by Art!
" Majeſtic Nature ſhines in ev'ry Part."

Beſides the above; at the *Seneca* Falls, which is the Public Landing-Place for all the Iron, and other Commodities, brought down the River *Patowmack*, from above, at the ſaid Landing, the ſaid River being commanded and brought through a natural Race, where there is a Fall of Ten Feet Water; I have to diſpoſe of, in the ſame Manner, one of the beſt Places for Furnace, Forges, Saw, and Griſt Mills, that can be found.

The principal Articles to ſupport thoſe Works to Advantage, are Ore, Coals, Timber and Stone; all of which are in the greateſt Quantity, of the beſt Quality, and eaſieſt procured.—The Iron Ore is inexhauſtible on the River Side, and belongs to me. I will deliver it on the Furnace Bank at Ten Shillings per Ton, Coal at Twenty Shillings per Load of 144 Buſhels.—Thoſe Articles are brought down to the Spot by Water in Battoes; and I have 13,000 Acres of Land adjoining to the ſaid Falls above, binding the River Fifteen Miles including ſeveral Iſlands. All thoſe Lands are covered with the beſt of Timber; and as the Navigation is ſo eaſy up to the *Shenandore* Falls, it is not poſſible there ſhould ever be a Scarcity of Timber and Ore to ſupport the Scheme.—The Situation is ſo good that the Furnace, Forges, and Mills, may join to one another, along Side of the ſaid Race, at the Landing; and every Article is conveyed to the Works, from the main River, by this Race, which affords the Fall, as abovementioned. There being no further Expence attending the Water Part, the Foundation ſo good, with a natural Race for the Water to run, and building Stone, Timber, &c. ſo convenient; I can venture to affirm, that one Year's Profit will reimburſe the whole Expence and Coſts of Building.

Between the Landing at the *Seneca*, and that at the Little Falls (where the Tide goes) is, by Survey, exactly 14 meaſured Miles. A public Waggon Road is lately opened betwixt them, and is already much frequented.

I have alſo built, at the *Seneca*, a Smith's Shop, with Two Fires, and a Wheelwright's Shop adjoining, together with ſeveral Dwelling-Houſes at the ſame Place; I have likewiſe got new Battoes ſuitable for bringing down the Commodities.

The Buildings and Improvements at both Landings, ſo far as I have done, have actually coſt me upwards of Eleven Thouſand Pounds; and I have ſo great an Opinion of the many Advantages ariſing from thoſe convenient Situations, that I am willing to add a further Stock of One Hundred Working Slaves, ſeated on 17000 Acres of the moſt valuable Land on *Patowmack*, joining the ſaid Falls, actually in my Poſſeſſion, and convenient to ſupport all the ſaid Buſineſs. Thoſe ſeveral Plantations are well ſtock'd with Horſes, Cattle, and Hogs. Among the ſaid Slaves, are very valuable Tradeſmen, ſuch as Forgemen, Coopers, Smiths, and Carpenters. I have ſeveral Waggons and Teams, that work upon the Road, between the Two Landings; and ſhall be ready to put the whole in Stock, provided I get a ſuitable Partner, who underſtands Trade and Buſineſs; or will rent the Whole, or Part, as we may agree.

Any Perſon, or Perſons, inclinable to increaſe his, or their Fortune, by taking the Trouble to come and view the Premiſes, and examine the ſame, will be ſatisfied, that I have not advanced any Thing farther than they find agreeable to Truth; and I am confident, that there is no Buſineſs, whatever, at this Time, that can afford more certain and larger Profit, from ſo ſmall an Advance, as the additional Expence required. JOHN BALLENDINE.

THE Subſcriber returns his Thanks to his Creditors, in general, for the Indulgence they have hitherto ſhewn him, and acquaints them, that he intends for the WEST-INDIES, in the Spring, but will return again early in the Summer.

ALEXANDER SYMMER.

January 30, 1769.

WHEREAS the Subſcriber, living on the Head of *South-River*, had his Mill broke open on the Night of the 26th Inſtant, and about Five Buſhels of Corn Flour ſtole therefrom; he hereby offers a Reward of FIVE POUNDS to any Perſon who ſhall diſcover the Perſon or Perſons who committed the ſame, provided they are convicted thereof.

FRANCIS RAWLINGS.

** Such Perſons as chuſe to ſend Grain to my Mill, muſt be upon their own Riſk.

Kent-Iſland, January 23, 1769.

ANY Perſon having Cheſnut Rails to diſpoſe of, and will engage to land them on the Upper End of *Kent-Iſland*, may meet with a Purchaſer for Eight or Ten Thouſand, by applying to the Subſcriber.——I ſhould be glad to know the loweſt Terms they would deliver them at.

(7w) REZIN ROWLES.

LOST, on Monday laſt, between the Town-Gate, and Mr. *Carroll*'s Quarter, a very ſmall black DOG, of the Spaniel kind, anſwers to the Name of BASTO.——Whoever will bring him to *Charles Carroll*'s, Eſquire, in *Annapolis*, may receive ONE DOLLAR Reward.

January 19, 1769.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *Frederick-Town*, *Maryland*, on the 9th of *October* 1767, an indented Servant Man, named JOHN QUIN, an *Iriſhman*, and ſays he was born in *Dublin*. He is about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, has ſome Scars in his Face, is a Shoemaker by Trade, and very much given to Liquor and Company. He has been ſeveral Years in this Country, and has reſided both in *Pennſylvania*, and the *Jerſies*. I bought him from one *William Blair*, Shoemaker, living at *Carlyle*, in *Cumberland* County, *Pennſylvania*.

Whoever takes up, or ſecures ſaid Servant, ſo as the Subſcriber may have him again, ſhall receive a Reward of THIRTY SHILLINGS, from

(4w) JOSEPH BURNESTON.

N. B. I am informed he was at Work with Mr. *Hyde*, in *Annapolis*, about Two or Three Weeks ago.

December 12, 1768.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living near *Piſcataway*, an indented Servant Man, named THOMAS CORESHIL, by Trade a Stone-Maſon, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, is well ſet, and turns his Toes in when he walks.——He had on, when he went away, an Oſnabrig Shirt, and a new light-coloured Kerſey Coat and Breeches, with flat Metal Buttons. Whoever ſecures the ſaid CORESHIL, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall receive a Reward of TWENTY SHILLINGS, beſides what the Law allows, paid by (4w) WILLIAM DIGGES.

January 29, 1769.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, and from his Bail, a certain ROBERT SWAN, who ſerv'd his Time with *Thomas Rutland*, near the City of *Annapolis*, and is a ſtout well-ſet Fellow: Had on and took with him, a light coloured Kerſey Jacket, Oſnabrig Shirt, and a Pair of Half-Boots, almoſt new: His other Clothes uncertain. Whoever takes up the ſaid ROBERT SWAN, and brings him to the Sheriff of *Baltimore* County, or to the Subſcriber, living in *Baltimore-Town*, ſhall receive FORTY SHILLINGS Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

JOHN DEAVER.

THERE is in *Frederick* County Jail, taken up as a Runaway, upon the 7th Day of *November* laſt, a Negro Man, named PETER, a tall ſlender Fellow, who ſays he ran away from a Ship, but can give no diſtinct Account of himſelf: Likewiſe taken up and committed the 19th Day of *January*, a Servant Man, named RICHARD FLOOD, who ſays he belongs to RICHARD MURPHY, in *Baltimore* County.

The Owners are deſired to take them away, and pay Charges.

(3w) NORMAND BRUCE, Sheriff.

September 17, 1768.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the Subſcriber, living near *Anti-Eatem* Furnace, in *Frederick* County, *Maryland*, on the 10th Day of *June* laſt, a Cheſnut ſorrel HORSE, about Six Years old, 14 Hands high, a natural Pacer, branded on the near Buttock with AB joined together, has a white Spot on the Right Ear, a ſmall white Spot on the Upper Lip, and had a Ten Shilling Bell on, mark'd LG encompaſs'd with Dots.——Whoever takes up ſaid HORSE, and brings him to the Subſcriber, ſhall have THREE POUNDS Reward, paid by

LODOWICK KETTEY.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Joſeph Howard*, on *South-River*, taken up as Strays, the Five following Cattle, *viz.* Two red and white Heifers, with a Crop in each Right Year; One black and white ditto, with a Crop in the Right, and a Hole in the Left; a ſmall black Yearling, with a Crop in the Right, and a Hole in the Left; and, a ſmall red Heifer, with a Crop, and a Nick in each Ear.

The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *William Wells*, near *Baltimore-Town*, taken up as Strays, *viz.* Two Steers, and Two Heifers.

The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

TAKEN up by *Joſeph Oſborn*, living in *Baltimore-Town*, a large young ſorrel MARE, with a blaze Face, dock'd, but not branded.

The Owner may have her again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

To be ſold, purſuant to the laſt Teſtament of the Hon. Benjamin Taſker, *of the Province of* Maryland, *deceaſed, on Wedneſday the 1ſt Day of* March, 1769, *if fair, if not, the next fair Day, at Public Sale,*

THE Houſe and Plantation, called BELLAIR, (lying in *Prince-George*'s County, in *Maryland*, formerly the Property and Reſidence of the late Governor *Ogle*, deceaſed,) alſo about 21 SLAVES, all the Stock, Houſehold and Kitchen Furniture, Plows, Tools, &c. there.——This Eſtate contains about 2177 Acres, including a Quantity of mowable Meadow, and a large Portion of arable Land, which is well incloſed, and Wheat was ſown laſt Autumn on Part of it. Its Situation is healthful, and diſtant about 16 Miles from *Annapolis*, 12 from the Town of *Bladenſburg*, and 6 from *Queen-Anne*. The Manſion-Houſe, and Office, near it, are Two Stories, built of Brick; the latter, about 40 Feet ſquare; and the former, 60 by 35 Feet. The Orchards, Garden, Stables, Barns, &c. alſo contribute to make this Seat very pleaſing and commodious. It is propoſed that the Purchaſer, or Purchaſers, who ſhall buy to the Amount of 50 l. Sterling (or for any greater Sum) may paſs his, or their Bonds, with approved Security for the ſame, to the acting Truſtees, or their Agents, who will attend at the Time and Place aforeſaid.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

Elk-Ridge Furnace, *Jan.* 7, 1769.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, a Convict Servant Man, named *Thomas Hughs*, about 36 Years of Age, near 5 Feet 5 Inches high; has ſhort brown Hair, Hazel Eyes, and his Noſe turns up at the End: He has a mild Way of Addreſs, and often looks down, when ſpoken to. It is pretty certain that he lately broke into the Store of Mr. *French*, at *Elk-Ridge* Landing, and took thence about Sixty Pounds Caſh, conſiſting of Gold and Silver, chiefly Half-Johannes's and Pieces of Eight: He has alſo taken with him a light-coloured broad Cloth Coat, a new Pair of Buckſkin Breeches, and ſundry other Cloaths, not certainly known. He ran away laſt Spring, and was taken up in *Pennſylvania*, and confined for ſome Time in *Cheſter* Jail, where he called himſelf *Thomas Steelman*: He is a good Carpenter and Joiner, and a very handy Fellow. Whoever apprehends the ſaid Runaway, and brings him home, ſhall have, if taken in the Province, Five Pounds; and, if out of the Province, Ten Pounds Reward, paid by (5w) CALEB DORSEY.

A SCHEME OF A LOTTERY FOR RAISING SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS, FOR FINISHING THE MARKET-HOUSE & TOWN-HALL IN FREDERICK-TOWN, in FREDERICK County,

TO CONSIST OF

TWO THOUSAND TICKETS,

AT TWO DOLLARS each.

FIVE HUNDRED and FIFTY-SEVEN of which will be fortunate, without any Deduction, *viz.*

1	Prize of	200	Dollars, is	200 Dollars.
2	- -	100	- - -	200
3	- -	50	- - -	150
4	- -	25	- - -	100
20	- -	15	- - -	300
50	- -	10	- - -	500
475	- -	4	- - -	1900
PRIZES, 557	First drawn Blank,		-	25
BLANKS, 1443	Laſt drawn Blank,		-	25
				600 Sm rais'd.
2000 Tickets, 2 Dollars each,				4000 Dollars.

By the above SCHEME, there are little more than TWO BLANKS and an HALF to a PRIZE; and the Profits retained, are Fifteen *per Cent.* on the Whole.——When the TICKETS are diſpoſed of, the Drawing is to begin, (on Fourteen Days previous Notice, at leaſt, to be given in the MARYLAND GAZETTE) in the Court-Houſe of the ſaid County, in Preſence of Five of the Managers, at leaſt, and as many of the Adventurers as ſhall think proper to attend. The Drawing, it is hoped, will be in Six Months, at fartheſt, as a great Number of the Tickets are already engaged.

The Managers are Meſſrs. *Chriſtopher Edelen, Caſper Shaaff, Thomas Price, George Murdock, Levy Cohan, Jacob Young, Lodowick Weltner, Charles Beatty, Joſeph Gaither, George Scott, Adam Fiſher, John Horſe, William Parker, Jacob Schley, Daniel Heughs, Upton Sheredine, George Stricker, Thomas Cramphin*, Jun. *William Deakin*, Jun. and *Andrew Stigar*, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath for the faithful Diſcharge of their Truſt.

A LIST of the PRIZES to be publiſhed in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, as ſoon as the Drawing is finiſhed, and the Prizes to be paid off, without any Deduction.——PRIZES not demanded within Six Months from the Publication aforeſaid, to be deemed as generouſly given for the Uſe intended, and applied accordingly.

*** The Value of Seven Shillings and Six-pence, in PENNSYLVANIA Currency, will be received in Lieu of each Dollar, in the Sale of TICKETS; and the ſame Currency to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes drawn by the fortunate Adventurers.

N. B. TICKETS to be had of any of the MANAGERS, and at the PRINTING-OFFICE, in ANNAPOLIS. (3m)

Virginia, Aquia, Dec. 10, 1768.

To be SOLD, on Tueſday the 4th Day of April *next*,

THE valuable Tract of LAND, known by the Name of BRENTON, containing 8,000 Acres, lying in *Prince-William* County, and within 18 Miles of *Colcheſter*, 14 of *Dumfries*, and 25 of *Falmouth*. This Land is remarkable for being level, of a rich Soil throughout the Tract, and well timbered and watered, has many valuable Improvements on it, and pays no QUIT-RENTS. The Sale will begin preciſely at 12 o'Clock, at the Houſe of SCARLET MADDINS, on the Premiſes, and the Land ſold either in Lots, or the Whole, as ſhall be agreed upon on the Day of Sale, as well as the Terms for Payment.

ROBERT BRENT,
WILLIAM BRENT,
(15w) DANIEL CARROLL,
HENRY ROZER.

October 14, 1768.

STOLEN laſt Night, from the Subſcriber, living in *Prince-George's* County, near *Upper-Marlborough*, a likely bright bay HORSE, Four Years old, and about 14 and an Half Hands high, branded on the near Buttock, B; he paces, trots, and gallops, and carries his Head high, when rode.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Horſe, ſo as I may get him again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings Reward, and Five Pounds for the Thief, if he be convicted, paid by BENJAMIN HALL, (Son of FRANCIS.)

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Snow NANCY, *Capt.* WILLIAM ROGERSON, *from* AFRICA, *and the* WEST-INDIES,

A PARCEL of YOUNG HEALTHY SLAVES, and to be ſold, at my Store, in *Baltimore-Town*, for Caſh, Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, Wheat, Flour, or Iron.

JOHN STEVENSON.

THE Subſcribers being determined to leave *George-Town* very ſoon, will ſell what Goods they have on Hand, very cheap, for ready Payment in Caſh, or Grain. They requeſt all Perſons indebted to them, to come and ſettle their Accounts as ſoon as poſſible. Thoſe who neglect coming to ſettle before the 20th of next *March*, may expect their Accounts will be put into the Hands of a Lawyer, without further Notice.

(5w) JAMES HARRIS, & Co.

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the *Neabſco* Iron-Works, in *Virginia*, on, or about the 10th of *October* laſt, a Country born Negro Man Slave, named BILLIE, the Property of the Hon. *John Tayloe*, Eſq; he is about 30 Years of Age, very black, well made, Five Feet Eight Inches high, puts on a ſower Look when taxed with any Thing amiſs; he had on and took with him, when he went away, a blue Broad Cloth Coat, black Cotton Velvet Jacket, and ſundry other Sorts of Cloaths, beſides Shoes and Stockings of various Kinds: He is by Trade a Ship-Carpenter, and is ſuch a Proficient in that Buſineſs, as not only to repair, but to build all Sorts of ſmall Craft. The Day that he went off, he was accompanied by a dark Mulatto Fellow, named SCIPIO, the Property of Mr. *John M'Millian* of *Prince-William* County, in *Virginia*, of much the ſame Age and Size as himſelf. They croſſed *Patowmack-River* together, in a Schooner's Boat, to the *Maryland* Shore, where they left her, and have, from that Time, kept themſelves undiſcovered. As *Billie* was ſome Time laſt Summer brought from *Carolina*, (to which Place, under the Sanction of a forged Paſs, he had travelled as a Freeman) it is more than probable that if he is not now engaged by ſome Ship-Builders to the Northward, that he will endeavour to get on board of ſome Craft, bound for *Charles-Town*, or to ſome Place in *Carolina*, where he expects to be free.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Negro, or Mulatto, and brings One, or both, to the Subſcriber, or to Mr. *John Calvert*, Manager of Col. *Tayloe's* Mine-Bank, in *Baltimore* County, or will ſecure them, ſo as they may be had again, ſhall receive, for each, a Reward of Five Pounds, if taken Forty Miles from home, or the above Reward, if at a greater Diſtance from the ſaid Mr. *John Calvert*, or from

(tf) THOMAS LAWSON

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Ridgely*, in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, in the Year 1765, a red and white BULL yearling, mark'd with a Crop and a Hole in the right Ear, and a Crop in the left; and has been ever ſince with my Cattle. (4w)

Frederick-Town, Cæcil County, *Oct.* 24, 1768.

TO be Sold, by virtue of a Power of Attorney from *George* and *William Buck*, Eſqrs. Merchants of *Biddeford*, a Dwelling-Houſe in *Cheſter-Town*, compleatly finiſhed, with Eight Rooms, Six of which are richly papered. There is an excellent Kitchen adjoining, in which are Two good Fire-Places, and every Thing compleat. On the Lot is a commodious Stable, with Nine Stalls, Two of which are cloſe; a large Yard, with a good Well and new Pump in it, and every other Conveniency fit for a Gentleman's Family in private Life, or public Buſineſs. On the ſame Lot is a large Brick Houſe, which, with a little Expence, might be converted into a good Store-Room and Compting-Houſe. For Terms of Sale, apply to

(tf) JOSEPH EARLE.

January 19, 1769.

THE Lands, call'd HEATH's RANGE, (the Firſt Part) having been heretofore advertiſed, and only a Part thereof ſold, there ſtill remains the Town of WARWICK, with the Land belonging thereto, being about Five Hundred Acres: This is therefore to give Notice, That the ſaid Town and Land, lying in *Cæcil* County, *Maryland*, will certainly be ſold, at Public Vendue, on Wedneſday the 15th Day of *February* next, agreeable to the Will of *James Heath*, Eſq; deceaſed, to which a Title, in Fee, will be given, by

(ts) JOHN LEE WEBSTER, Executor,
SUSANNA WEBSTER, Executrix.

*** As the Town of *Warwick*, is ſo public, and well known, it is unneceſſary to mention the Richneſs of its Soil, or Conveniencies of its Situation. The Sale will be in the ſaid Town of *Warwick*.

December 30, 1768.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living near *Aire's* Ford, on the Falls of *Patapſco*, on *Elk-Ridge*, an *Iriſh* indented Servant Man, named PETER DENNY, about 20 Years of Age, about Five Feet Two Inches high, of a fair Complexion, thin viſaged, grey eyed, and a little pitted with the Small-Pox, ſhort brown Hair, and carries his Head crooked, is much addicted to Liquor, and when drunk, is very quarrelſome: Had on, when he went away, a new Check Shirt, a new Bearſkin Coat, bound round with black Binding, a blue Serge Jacket, with the Skirts lin'd with the ſame, and yellow Buttons, a Pair of new Broad Cloth Breeches, a Pair of plain Yarn Stockings, a Pair of new Shoes and Steel Buckles, a Felt Hat, bound with black Ferreting, a new red Duffil great Coat, and took with him, a black Stallion, about 13 Hands high, and near Nine Years old, with a half worn Engliſh Saddle, and Snaffle Bridle: He alſo took with him Three Bills, One of Twenty Shillings, One of Fifteen, and One of Five; and, as he is well acquainted in *Baltimore-Town*, he may probably change his Dreſs.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, and brings him to the Subſcriber, ſhall receive Three Pounds for the Man, and Thirty Shillings for the Horſe, beſide what the Law allows, paid by

(tf) VALENTINE BROWN, Junior.

December 26, 1768.

To be SOLD, *at* PUBLIC VENDUE,

A TRACT of LAND, lying in *Dorcheſter* County, about Two Miles to the Eaſtward of the Line lately run, granted under *Maryland* Rights, with natural and artificial Boundaries for 600 Acres, but contains nearly 900 Acres. The Land lies about 10 Miles from the Foreſt-Landing, on *Jones's* Creek, an *Delaware*, and about 9 Miles from *Choptank-Bridge*; has Two Streams of Water running through it, one of them ſufficient for a Mill, and has about 100 Acres of Land, capable of making exceeding rich Meadow. There is about 350 Acres of cleared Land, under good Fence, on Part of which there is now ſown 120 Buſhels of Wheat. There is on the Land a Dwelling-Houſe, 36 Feet by 20, with a Cellar, a Smoke-Houſe, Milk-Houſe, Three Corn-Houſes, one new Barn, 50 Feet by 30; one Peach Orchard, of 7000 flouriſhing Trees, and Three Apple Orchards. The Plantation is in very good Order, the Situation pleaſant and healthy, and the Soil very rich, and well adapted to Farming, but particularly good for Wheat.

Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply to *Joſeph Gill*, who lives on the Premiſes, and will ſhew the Land and Title, (which is indiſputable) as well as give Information of the Terms and Conditions of the Sale, which will be on the Premiſes, the 16th Day of *March* next, if fair, if not, on the firſt fair Day after, by (ts) JOSEPH COWMAN.

Patapſco-Ferry, December 28, 1768.

THE Subſcriber being appointed by the Magiſtrates of *Baltimore* County, at the laſt Court, to keep the Lower-Ferry, on *Patapſco* River, for ſaid County, begs Leave to inform the Public, That he has provided ſafe and convenient BOATS, well Mann'd, together with every Thing neceſſary to give Travellers the utmoſt Diſpatch.——He alſo keeps a TAVERN, and has taken conſiderable Pains to fit up commodious Lodging-Rooms, and lay in a proper Aſſortment of Liquors. He has alſo erected very good STABLES, and is always furniſhed with Plenty of excellent Clover-Hay and Oats, ſo that Gentlemen may depend upon having their Horſes taken great Care of, and themſelves agreeably accommodated, by

Their moſt humble Servant,

(10w) JAMES KELSO

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER, *living on* Kent-Iſland, *on very reaſonable Terms,*

ALL her DOWER, or THIRDS, which ſhe claims as Widow of JOHN M'DERMOTT, deceaſed, of, and in Two Lots of Ground, in *Frederick-Town, Cæcil* County, whereon is a good large framed Dwelling-Houſe, with a very good Brick Kitchen adjoining, and a good framed Houſe, built for a Billiard-Room, with a very fine Chamber above, and a very good Garden, &c. For Terms apply to

SARAH FLYNN.

January 23, 1769.

STRAY'D from the Subſcriber, living on *Severn*, the 8th Inſtant, a dark bay MARE, about 13 Hands 3 Inches high, Three Years old next Spring: He has a little White on his off Foot, is hand-lock'd, and is branded on the near Buttock and Shoulder, with the Letters I L. Whoever will deliver the ſaid Mare to the Subſcriber, or Mr. THOMAS BROWN, on *Elk-Ridge*, ſhall receive a Reward of TWENTY SHILLINGS Currency.

(w2) WILLIAM YEALDHOLL.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE and WILLIAM GREEN, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inſerted the Firſt Time, for 5*s.* and 1*s.* for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.——At ſame Place may be had, ready Printed, moſt kinds of BLANKS, *viz.* COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of ſeveral Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE, SHIPPING-BILLS, *&c. &c.* All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neateſt and moſt expeditious Manner, on applying as above.